Developing as an Undergraduate Researcher

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Please Recognize

- You must take your participation in the laboratory seriously
- You should NOT see yourself as an observer, but rather a participant and lab member
- Do NOT underestimate your potential contributions
- You can contribute to
 - Your Lab's Project
 - Your Lab's future funding
 - The scientific literature
 - Society!!

Research Student Development

- Make sure that you enter a lab with projects that interest you!
- Faculty know that you initially know little and will help you grow
- Faculty know that it will take their time and effort to guide the growth
- You take the researcher's identity you become "their" student
- Faculty will support "their" students now and in the future with strong letters, recommendations, and advice
- Faculty -will- have expectations for your development/performance

- Has Solid Personal Characteristics
 - Excited about research
 - Takes ownership of project
 - Independently pursues information
 - Responsible
 - Honest
 - Hard working
 - Academically solid
 - Persistent
 - Committed
 - Teachable
 - Team player Contributes to lab beyond own project
 - Reacts positively to failure
 - Gets along well with others
 - **Develops** maturity

- Develops "Research Skills"
 - Learns how to formulate questions/hypotheses
 - Learns how to design experiments
 - Learns new methods as needed for project
 - Learns how to learn new methods
 - Learns how to analyze their results
 - Learns how to put results into writing (abstracts, papers, thesis)
 - Learns how to present their work

- Learns to Think Like a Scientist
 - Has strong command of project literature (context)
 - Takes time to ponder results/implications
 - Generates thoughtful ideas
 - Associates project with other fields
 - Develops critical thinking skills
 - Knows how to approach and solve problems
 - Actively and skillfully engaged in conceptualizing, applying, analyzing, synthesizing, and/or evaluating information gathered from, or generated by, observation, experience, reflection, reasoning, or communication (Scriven and Paul, 1987)
 - Identifies the next logical experiment

- Develops Professional Skills
 - Can clearly and concisely explain their research
 - Can present their work as posters/orals
 - Can represent the lab at conferences
 - Can behave as a young professional
 - Develops a network
- Learns about Research as a Career
 - Ethical Behavior
 - Laboratory Safety
 - Learn lab culture
 - Learns about career path
 - Learns about Graduate School
 - Takes required courses for next stage

Some Benefits to UG Research

Academic:

- Validates coursework
- Intro to balancing school and research
- Deeper Faculty contact/mentoring

Personal:

- Self-confidence
- Maturity
- Knowledge that you can have an impact
- Generally, an increase in motivation

Professional

- Observe a "high level" career
- Learn to speak like a professional
- CV/Resume that stands out
- Letters of recommendation
- Publications

Doors open into Grad School or Jobs

A Caveat - Please Recognize...

- You must have true interest/commitment
- You really can't fake performance
- You must truly care about being in the laboratory and be genuinely interested in their projects
- A Researcher can tell when a student
 - really is engaged
 - is showing up
 - is contributing